

$\psi(4660)$

$I^G(JPC) = 0^-(1^{--})$
 I needs confirmation.

also known as $Y(4660)$; was $X(4660)$

This state shows properties different from a conventional $q\bar{q}$ state.

A candidate for an exotic structure. See the review on non- $q\bar{q}$ states.

Seen in radiative return from e^+e^- collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 9.54\text{--}10.58$ GeV by WANG 07D. Also obtained in a combined fit of WANG 07D, AUBERT 07S, and LEES 14F. See also the review on "Spectroscopy of mesons containing two heavy quarks."

$\psi(4660)$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4643 \pm 9 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
4652 \pm 10	\pm 11	279	¹ WANG	15A BELL $10.58 e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S)$
4669 \pm 21	\pm 3	37	² LEES	14F BABR $10.58 e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S)$
$\begin{array}{c} +8 \\ -7 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} +5 \\ -8 \end{array}$	142	³ PAKHLOVA	08B BELL $e^+e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+\Lambda_c^-$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

4652.5 \pm 3.4 \pm 1.1		⁴ DAI	17	RVUE $e^+e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+\Lambda_c^-$
4645.2 \pm 9.5 \pm 6.0		⁵ ZHANG	17B	RVUE $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S)$
4646.4 \pm 9.7 \pm 4.8		⁶ ZHANG	17C	RVUE $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-J/\psi$ or $\psi(2S)$
$\begin{array}{c} +9 \\ -8 \end{array}$ \pm 6	44	⁷ LIU	08H	RVUE $10.58 e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S)$
4664 \pm 11 \pm 5	44	WANG	07D	BELL $10.58 e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S)$

¹ From a two-resonance fit. Supersedes WANG 07D.

² From a two-resonance fit.

³ The $\pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S)$ and $\Lambda_c^+\Lambda_c^-$ states are not necessarily the same.

⁴ The pole parameters are extracted from the speed plot.

⁵ From a three-resonance fit.

⁶ From a combined fit of BELLE, BABAR and BES3 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-J/\psi$ and $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S)$ data.

⁷ From a combined fit of AUBERT 07S and WANG 07D data with two resonances.

$\psi(4660)$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
72 \pm 11 OUR AVERAGE				
68 \pm 11 \pm 5	279	¹ WANG	15A BELL	$10.58 e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S)$
104 \pm 48 \pm 10	37	² LEES	14F BABR	$10.58 e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S)$
$\begin{array}{c} +40 \\ -24 \end{array}$ \pm 10	142	³ PAKHLOVA	08B BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+\Lambda_c^-$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

62.6 \pm 5.6 \pm 4.3		⁴ DAI	17	RVUE $e^+e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+\Lambda_c^-$
113.8 \pm 18.1 \pm 3.4		⁵ ZHANG	17B	RVUE $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S)$
103.5 \pm 15.6 \pm 4.0		⁶ ZHANG	17C	RVUE $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-J/\psi$ or $\psi(2S)$
$\begin{array}{c} +17 \\ -12 \end{array}$ \pm 6	44	⁷ LIU	08H	RVUE $10.58 e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S)$
48 \pm 15 \pm 3	44	WANG	07D	BELL $10.58 e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\psi(2S)$

¹ From a two-resonance fit. Supersedes WANG 07D.

² From a two-resonance fit.³ The $\pi^+ \pi^- \psi(2S)$ and $\Lambda_c^+ \Lambda_c^-$ states are not necessarily the same.⁴ The pole parameters are extracted from the speed plot.⁵ From a three-resonance fit.⁶ From a combined fit of BELLE, BABAR and BES3 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi$ and $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \psi(2S)$ data.⁷ From a combined fit of AUBERT 07S and WANG 07D data with two resonances.

$\psi(4660)$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)
Γ_1 $e^+ e^-$	
Γ_2 $\psi(2S) \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen
Γ_3 $J/\psi \eta$	
Γ_4 $D^0 D^{*-} \pi^+$	
Γ_5 $\chi_{c1} \gamma$	
Γ_6 $\chi_{c2} \gamma$	
Γ_7 $\Lambda_c^+ \Lambda_c^-$	

$\psi(4660) \Gamma(i) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma(\text{total})$

$\Gamma(\psi(2S) \pi^+ \pi^-) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_2 \Gamma_1 / \Gamma$			
VALUE (eV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
2.0 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.2	279	¹ WANG	15A BELL	10.58 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \psi(2S)$
8.1 \pm 1.1 \pm 1.0	279	² WANG	15A BELL	10.58 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \psi(2S)$
2.7 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.5	37	³ LEES	14F BABR	10.58 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \psi(2S)$
7.5 \pm 1.7 \pm 0.7	37	⁴ LEES	14F BABR	10.58 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \psi(2S)$
2.2 $^{+0.7}_{-0.6}$	44	⁵ LIU	08H RVUE	10.58 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \psi(2S)$
5.9 \pm 1.6	44	⁶ LIU	08H RVUE	10.58 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \psi(2S)$
3.0 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.3	44	³ WANG	07D BELL	10.58 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \psi(2S)$
7.6 \pm 1.8 \pm 0.8	44	⁴ WANG	07D BELL	10.58 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \psi(2S)$

¹ Solution I of two equivalent solutions from a fit using two interfering resonances. Supersedes WANG 07D.² Solution II of two equivalent solutions from a fit using two interfering resonances. Supersedes WANG 07D.³ Solution I of two equivalent solutions in a fit using two interfering resonances.⁴ Solution II of two equivalent solutions in a fit using two interfering resonances.⁵ Solution I in a combined fit of AUBERT 07S and WANG 07D data with two resonances.⁶ Solution II in a combined fit of AUBERT 07S and WANG 07D data with two resonances.

$\Gamma(J/\psi \eta) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_3 \Gamma_1 / \Gamma$			
VALUE (eV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
<0.94	90	WANG	13B BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow J/\psi \eta \gamma$

$\Gamma(\chi_{c1}\gamma) \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				$\Gamma_5\Gamma_1/\Gamma$	
VALUE (eV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<0.45	90	1 HAN	15	BELL	$10.58 e^+e^- \rightarrow \chi_{c1}\gamma$

¹ Using $B(\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = (39.41 \pm 0.21)\%$.

$\Gamma(\chi_{c2}\gamma) \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				$\Gamma_6\Gamma_1/\Gamma$	
VALUE (eV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<2.1	90	1 HAN	15	BELL	$10.58 e^+e^- \rightarrow \chi_{c2}\gamma$

¹ Using $B(\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = (39.41 \pm 0.21)\%$.

$\psi(4660)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(D^0 D^{*-} \pi^+)/\Gamma(\psi(2S) \pi^+ \pi^-)$				Γ_4/Γ_2	
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<10	90	PAKHLOVA	09	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow D^0 D^{*-} \pi^+$

$\Gamma(D^0 D^{*-} \pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				$\Gamma_4/\Gamma \times \Gamma_1/\Gamma$	
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$<0.37 \times 10^{-6}$	90	1 PAKHLOVA	09	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow D^0 D^{*-} \pi^+$

¹ Using $4664 \pm 11 \pm 5$ MeV for the mass of $\psi(4660)$.

$\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \Lambda_c^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				$\Gamma_7/\Gamma \times \Gamma_1/\Gamma$	
VALUE (units 10^{-6})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$0.68^{+0.16+0.29}_{-0.15-0.30}$	142	1 PAKHLOVA	08B	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \Lambda_c^-$

¹ The $\pi^+ \pi^- \psi(2S)$ and $\Lambda_c^+ \Lambda_c^-$ states are not necessarily the same.

$\psi(4660)$ REFERENCES

DAI	17	PR D96 116001	L.-Y. Dai, J. Haidenbauer, U.-G. Meissner	(JULI+)
ZHANG	17B	PR D96 054008	J. Zhang, J. Zhang	
ZHANG	17C	EPJ C77 727	J. Zhang, L. Yuan	
HAN	15	PR D92 012011	Y.L. Han <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
WANG	15A	PR D91 112007	X.L. Wang <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
LEES	14F	PR D89 111103	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
WANG	13B	PR D87 051101	X.L. Wang <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
PAKHLOVA	09	PR D80 091101	G. Pakhlova <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
LIU	08H	PR D78 014032	Z.Q. Liu, X.S. Qin, C.Z. Yuan	
PAKHLOVA	08B	PRL 101 172001	C. Pakhlova <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
AUBERT	07S	PRL 98 212001	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
WANG	07D	PRL 99 142002	X.L. Wang <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)